1 an entry of 7/21/06. 2 Α Number 32. Exhibit 32? Okay. My bill --3 the entry is what? 7/21/06. 4 Q Do you see that? 5 A Yes. .4. Call from Linda re: wall and fence issues? 6 Q 7 Α Yes. 8 Q Do you have any recollection of what that 9 conversation was about? 10 Linda must have called me to talk about 11 the wall and the fence. What she said in the 12 conversation, I have no idea. 13 Q Okay. 14 (Carney Deposition Exhibit 33 was marked 15 for purposes of identification.) 16 Number 33 is your billing showing services 17 October of '06. First entry indicates that you called 18 Mr. Myers a second time. 19 A First entry? No. 20 Q Yes.

First entry is a call from Neil Lanzi re:

21

Α

	162
1	deposition in South Carolina. Called Mr. Myers a
2	second time.
3	Q That's what I'm referring to.
4	A Okay. I called him a second time. I
5	thought I talked to him twice.
6	Q And refresh my recollection on that.
7	Do you recall the first time you called
8	him?
9	A No. It had to be in relative close
10	proximity to this call.
11	Q Do you recall the second time?
12	A No.
13	Q You don't recall anything about either of
14	those conversations?
15	A No. I already testified
16	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Already asked
17	and answered.
18	A as to my recollection.
19	Q I understand.
20	Do you recall no. Strike that. Okay.
21	We can go to the next one.

1		Did you go to South Carolina just to
2	depose Mr. 1	Myers, or did you combine that with any
3	other busine	ess or pleasure?
4	A	I was there on vacation in Hilton Head.
5	Q	Uh huh.
6	А	Took a day of my vacation, rented a car
7	and drove to	o I think it was Myrtle Beach.
8	Q	Okay.
9	A	Otherwise, I would have charged Linda for
10	air fare ro	and trip plus the rental car.
11	Q	So, you were already in Hilton Head?
12	A	Yes, I was already in the state.
13	Q	The go back to Number 33, if you would.
14	I just want	to ask you a question about that.
15		The entry of 10/25/06 shows a charge of
16	eight hours	for the deposition of Mr. Myers, round
17	trip travel;	correct?
18	A	Yes.
19	Q	And
20	A	It wasn't in Hilton Head. I was in Ellis
21	Island stavi	ng with the Campbell family.

Q	The	dep	osition	actually	lasted	 and	I'm
showing you	Numk	er 3	34.			,	

(Carney Deposition Exhibit 34 was marked for purposes of identification.)

Q Actually shows it started at 1:30 and it was concluded at 3:40.

A Okay.

Q So, the deposition as actually two hours and ten minutes, which at your billing rate would be about 600 bucks.

So, the difference between -- well, it was actually 595.83. The difference between that figure and the \$2,200 you billed was for travel time.

Am I correct on that?

A Part of it was travel time. It was also time built in there for preparing to take his deposition.

It was a long drive. I was in Ellis

Island -- not Ellis Island. It was not Ellis Island.

Edisto, Island. That's a misprint. Edisto Island,

South Carolina. It took me over two hours each way to

1 get there.

Q Does it say anywhere on the bill in Exhibit Number 33, 10/25/06, does it say anywhere in the bill there that any of that eight-hour time is for preparing for the deposition?

A No. I generally don't do that. It's all part of taking the deposition. I've got to prepare for it in order to take it.

Q Did you prepare for it just before you drove to Mr. Myers' house to take it? Is that what you're saying?

A I prepared for it in part in Baltimore and in part in Edisto Island.

Q Well, that was my question.

There's no -- there doesn't seem to be any time billed for preparation prior to October of '06 for Mr. Myers' deposition.

So, are you confident that you prepared well in advance for that?

A Well in advance, I mean, how far in advance do you have to prepare for a deposition. I

	166
1	can do 15 minutes and I'm ready to go in many
2	instances.
3	Q Okay.
4	A In the Myers' case, I'm not saying it was
5	15 minutes. But I'm saying I don't need a whole lot
6	of preparation time. I need some.
7	Q Well, how much preparation time do you
8	recall doing?
9	A I have no idea. It was years ago.
10	(Carney Deposition Exhibit 35 was marked
11	for purposes of identification.)
12	Q Number 35 is a billing showing time in
13	December of '06.
14	I'm going to ask you about your entry of
15	12/7/06, the one that's four and a half hours.
16	Do you see that?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Meet with Linda to prepare for trial.
19	Do you recall what time of day that
20	started and ended, by any chance?
21	A I have no clue.

1	Q Do you recall what was discussed during
2	that visit to prepare for trial?
3	A Everything about the case. We spent it
4	was four and a half hours. We spent four and a half
5	hours in the conference room, I believe the conference
6	room on the fifth floor downstairs, preparing for
7	trial.
8	Q Do you recall if anybody else was present
9	during that trial preparation?
10	A If anybody was present, they were in and
11	out. That would have been Jim Quinn.
12	Q So, I take it you don't recall I'm
13	sorry on now I'm referring to the billing of
14	12/5/06, the first entry.
15	.5 I guess would be a half an hour;
16	correct?
17	A That's correct.
18	Q Conference with Linda to review/discuss
19	trial exhibits, conference with Jim Quinn about power
20	point presentation.
21	Do you recall that Ms. Senez on that day

simply dropped off some documents to you and you
didn't review or discuss anything with her that day?
A No, I don't recall that at all.
O You don't recall that?

A If she did come in to just drop off documents, then I would have met with her. I would have taken receipt of those documents. I would have had a discussion with her. Maybe it would have been a brief discussion, but I would have had a discussion.

That would have constituted a conference, albeit a short one.

Q Well, how do you define a conference in your building?

A Whenever I meet with anybody, it's a conference. If I go into another lawyer's office and ask his opinion about something or her opinion, I'm having a conference with that lawyer.

If a client walks in off the street and walks in here with an appointment, I'm having a conference with that client.

Q Suppose --

1	A It might last a minute, it might last an
2	hour.
3	Q Suppose when you're walking from the
4	courthouse to get something to eat and you're walking
5	on the sidewalk talking to the client, is that a
6	conference?
7	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Calls for
8	speculation.
9	A It's all going to be part of the billing.
10	If I'm walking back from the courthouse with the
11	client to my office, that's all part of the time I'm
12	spending on that matter, whatever that matter may be.
13	Q So, would you say that, to use my
14	question, walking back from the courthouse to go to
15	lunch while you're talking to the client, would you
16	constitute that as a conference that you would bill
17	for?
18	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Lacks
19	foundation. Calls for speculation.
20	You may answer.
21	A If I'm talking to the client about issues



pertinent to the matter that I'm before the court on and I'm having a continuous dialog about testimony, exhibits, strategy, you're darn right I'm going to bill for it. That's a working lunch.

Q I'm not talking about the lunch. I'm talking about walking to the lunch.

A If I'm just walking by myself, no. If I'm walking with a client and we're talking about baseball, of course not. I'm never going to bill that.

If I'm walking and we're talking about the trial and strategizing and talking about the testimony, I'm going to bill for it, sure.

Q Did you -- do you recall informing your client how the case was going to be presented before trial, what you were actually going to do, what you were going to try to prove, that sort of thing?

A Linda and I were in constant communication. Linda and Jim Quinn were in constant communication.

Q What do you mean by constant?

A On the telephone or in person. Linda was on the phone a lot. She was in here frequently. She was kept abreast of exactly what was going on.

Linda wanted to orchestrate and sort of dictate how the trial was going to be run, and that wasn't going to be the case with me at the helm.

And she knew exactly what we were going to be doing. She was kept abreast of all developments.

Q When you say that wasn't going to be the case with you --

A Did I do a dress rehearsal in front of her? Absolutely not. I wouldn't do that for any client.

Q When you say that wasn't going to happen with you at the helm, do you mean by that that she was trying to run the show and -- but you're the lawyer, and you want to run the show?

A The tail is not going to wag the dog in my world. It's called client management. And when you have significant litigation matters and you have lots of them, you have got to call the shots. You're the

You certainly get input from the client.

You certainly respect their opinion. But at the end
of the day and somebody has got to make a call, that's
me. That's what I'm getting paid for.

Q Who was the tail and who was the dog in this case?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection.

- A I'm not going to even answer that.
- Q Did you go over her testimony before the trial?
  - A Absolutely. That's part of the four and a half hours I spent with the woman.
  - Q Did you have any of that testimony written out, questions you were going to ask?
- A Never. I don't think I've ever done that in 34 years.
- Q How much time do you suppose you spent going over what her testimony was going to be?
- A The bill says I had a four and a half hour conference with her. I don't know whether there were

other meetings or other conferences or not. I don't 1 2 know. Did you tell her in advance of the trial 3 what witnesses you were going to call? 4 I don't recall. 5 A Your billing -- this is Number 34, the 6 billing of December of '06. 7 Your entry of 12/7/06 for one and a half 8 hours about midway down the page where it says read 9 Myers' deposition and law of nuisance, trespass and 10 adverse possession. 11 12 Do you see that? I see it. 13 Α Since you did not bill any time between 14 Q 10/25/06 when that deposition was taken and 12/7/06 --15 16 A 12/7, I did too bill time. Listen to my question, sir. 17 0 18 Since the bill did not bill any time between 10/5/26 -- 10/25/06 when you took the 19 deposition, let's say, and 12/6/06 for reading the 20

transcript of Myers' deposition, would it be correct

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Ĺ	to say that based on your billing records that the
2	first time you read Myers' deposition would have been
2	on 12/6 12/7/062

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection.

A Not necessarily.

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Lacks foundation.

You may answer.

A Not necessarily.

Q And why is that?

A Because I may have skimmed his deposition when I first got it. That's -- part of my custom and habit, I tend to do that to make sure I - it's complete, that all the exhibits, if there are exhibits, are with the deposition transcript, to get the general feel for it and make sure it didn't leave off a -- you know, a redirect portion of it to the transcriber, the court reporter, and then I speed read it just to make sure it's right.

And I may take a very short period of time to do that. I might take a half an hour.

Many times I don't bill for that. I bill

for the time I sit down and I really read it and think about it and study it. I do bill that.

Q So, you're saying you would have billed a client to talk about the case as you're walking down the street to go to lunch, but you would not have billed necessarily for skimming a deposition transcript for a half an hour?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection.

A One has nothing to do with the other. I told you why I would bill a client walking back from the courthouse under very limited circumstances.

Q Uh huh.

A What I bill for in terms of the deposition transcript, she's the one who got the break. If I did something and I didn't bill for it, then Linda was the recipient of that.

Q But you don't know whether you skimmed that deposition?

A I think I did because it's my custom and habit. I'm sure I did.

Q You're sure you did?

- 1 A I always do it.
  - Q But you didn't bill for it?
  - A If it's not on the bill, then I guess I didn't bill for it, or it's built into one of the entries about Mr. Myers' deposition.
  - Q On 12/7/06 entry, you also said you read the law of nuisance, trespass and adverse possession; correct?
    - A That's what it says.
    - Q What did you mean by that?
  - A That means I probably reviewed a case having to do with nuisance, trespass and adverse possession, and I probably, because it is my custom and habit, reviewed the Maryland pattern jury instructions on those three causes of action to make sure that I understood and knew what the elements were and how I needed to either prove or rebut those elements since they were being asserted against Linda.
  - Q Would it be correct to say that since there isn't any billing prior to 12/7/06 for reading this law, particularly the law of adverse possession,



that it would be safe to say that you did not review or read any law with respect to adverse possession before 12/7/06?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection.

Q With respect to this case.

A I don't know the answer to that. I may or may not have. I can only tell you I taught real estate law for 22 years. I know the elements of adverse possession. I don't need to read a treatise and I don't need to read a case to know what the elements are.

Q Why did you have to read it on the day before trial?

A Because I was preparing for trial and you do everything when you prepare for trial. You make sure that the law -- it's one last thing. You just go over it just to make sure.

Any competent trial lawyer does just the same thing.

Q The entry of 12/11/06 for seven hours, prepare for and attend day two of trial, conference

1 County that is meaningless. 2 It could start at 10:00, 10:20, 11:00, 3 12:00. 4 0 Well, my point, though, is you have to be 5 there by --6 A You've got to be there by 9:30, that's 7 correct. 8 So, if that, in fact, was the case on Q 9 12/11/06 --10 Α Yes. 11 -- do you have any idea when you would Q 12 have had time to spend seven hours on 12/11/06 to 13 prepare for trial that day? MS. LIPPINCOTT: 14 Objection. Misstates the 15 testimonv. Mischaracterizes this document. 16 document speaks for itself. 17 You may answer. 18 Α First of all, when I'm in trial, I'm 19 probably in here at 7:00 o'clock. 20 Q Okay. 21 A Always. If I've got major documents, if

	180
1	I've got a civil trial that requires the kind of
2	things that Linda's trial required.
3	So, that's a couple of hours right there.
4	I may have prepared the night before at home and I
<del>*</del> 5	
5	bill it the day the next day.
6	Q Well, the point is do you recall doing any
7	of that?
8	A Of course I do. I recall preparing for
9	Linda's trial, absolutely.
10	Q No. On 12/11/06, do you recall?
11	A Can I specifically tell you that 12/11/06
12	I went to the bathroom or I had what I had for
13	lunch? Of course not.
14	Q I'm asking you
15	A I can't tell you what I did. I can tell
16	you I did it.
17	Q I'm asking you if you recall preparing for
18	trial on 12/11/06?
19	A Do I have an independent recollection of
20	that, the answer, of course, is no. But if I say I
21	did it, I did it.

You're asking me where I had lunch on 1 September the 4th, 2001. How would I know? 2 I don't want to ask you that, sir. 3 The conference you had with Linda and 4 Graham afterwards, after the second day of trial, do 5 6 you recall that? I remember Graham Castendike being here. 7 8 I remember him being in the courtroom. That's not what I asked you. 9 0 10 A Well, what did you ask me? I asked you do remember the conference you 11 0 had with your client and Graham after the trial? 12 Α I remember Graham Castendike being in the 13 14 courtroom. At the conclusion of the second day, I remember him walking back to the office here with 15 Linda and I remember the three of us sitting down in 16 a -- I believe the little round conference room table 17 that we used to have downstairs on the fifth floor and 18 19 talking generally about the case. 20 Graham is a non-lawyer. Graham is an

insurance broker or agent who I knew very casually

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1	through	a	mutual	friend.
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And, frankly, I had no understanding as to why he was even there. That was explained to me that he was there for some sort of moral support.

- Q So, you do remember sitting around that table on the fifth floor; right?
  - A Sure. Yeah, I do.
- Q And how long do you think you sat around the table on the fifth floor on 12/11/06 after the second day of trial?
- A I really couldn't tell you. It could have been 20 minutes or it could have been an hour. It may even have been an hour and a half. I don't know.
  - Q Do you recall what you talked about?
    - A The trial generally.
- Q And both your client and Mr. Castendike
  were there; correct?
- A I would have never talked to

  Mr. Castendike about the trial without her being there

  and without her express authority.
  - Q Why did Mr. Quinn have to attend the

trial?

A Because the trial was document intensive. The client was a difficult client. I wanted him there to both manage the documents, manage the exhibits as they went in, to record them in the order in which they went in, to make sure that they were properly marked and to make sure that Linda did not go off the reservation by gesticulating or by doing anything that would otherwise be inappropriate at trial.

I have Jim Quinn do that in many cases.

The other side had two lawyers there. I had a lawyer and a paralegal.

Q And is it your habit to have your assistant mark all the exhibits and make sure they're all in order and all that?

A That's part of the job of my paralegal is to do just that. That falls to them.

Q Uh huh.

A I don't think that a client wants to be paying my hourly rate to put stickers on documents.

Q And what he did at the trial, Mr. Quinn,

is	precisely	what,	just	marked	the	exhibits	or	what
el:	se did he	do?						

A Marked the exhibits, transport the exhibits to and from the courthouse.

Q Uh huh.

A Keep a list of the exhibits as they went in, both from the plaintiff's perspective and the defendant/counter-plaintiff's perspective as well.

To do whatever I needed him to do. If I needed him to run back to the office and pick up a case on something, if that were to be the case, he was there to be able to do that.

Q Do you recall if he did that?

A I don't recall. I don't recall. Hundreds of things happen, half of which are unexpected in trials.

And so, you can't be more than just one person. And many times you need somebody to go back to the office. You need some last minute research. You need something.

And so, Jim was with me. He was there for

1 me in

1.4

me in many trials.

Q You mentioned a moment ago that Linda Senez was a difficult client.

What did you mean by that?

A Only in the sense that Linda was very needy. She was the type of client who called a lot. The type of client who wanted to manage her case in the sense that she wanted to say how the case should be set up and how her case should run, what exhibits should be introduced, what witnesses should go on the witness stand, as opposed to the kind of client who simply gives you information, and then you -- from that information you can make your own decisions and run the case as you please.

Linda is a smart woman. Linda was involved in conduct that was unfortunate that got her sued. I had to play with the cards that I was dealt with.

When I first went down to the property, I saw certain things that formed in part the basis of the Collinses' suit against her and some of the

	186
1	counts.
2	It's not the average client that paints
3	Mick Jagger's tongue in hot pink and nails it to the
4	side of the boathouse toward the neighbor's property.
5	Q Do you know how long that sign was up for?
6	A No idea.
7	Q If it was just out there for a day or two,
8	would that make any difference to you?
9	A I don't have any idea how long it was up.
10	Q Did you ever ask her?
11	A I don't recall whether I did or I didn't.
12	Q Okay.
13	A That was not the only thing, of course,
14	that presented a problem for Linda.
15	Q Well, what were the other things?
16	A There were a multitude of things. When I
17	first went to the property to meet with her, I think
18	with Rusty Bergen, the very first time I met her,
19	there was a sign in the back yard, a large sign on
20	poles in the ground.
21	Q Uh huh.

A And I think it had the words nosy neighbor zone on it facing the Collinses' property.

There was a picture in the window of the side of her house that face the Collinses' property, facing I believe it's north, a picture of a -- what would -- a caricature of a burglar who had on a mask and his arms crossed, I think there was a gun in his hand, that says we don't call 911 facing the Collinses' property.

Q Are you aware that she had some problems with vandalism to a boat and some serious damage at her property? Are you aware of that?

A Linda and I never, that I recall, ever had such a discussion.

Q So, you didn't know about --

A Also the video tapes. There were also spotlights all down the northern side of her house, which were alleged by the Collinses to be turned on at nighttime, that light up their back lawn like Camden Yards.

Video tapes which Linda indicated that

were there for her own personal security. Linda had every right to put those cameras up there, and I defeated those claims.

Q Did you ever verify that the lighting that she had on her house lit up the Collinses' yard like Camden Yards? Did you ever verify that?

A Did I ever go down there at night and see them on? No. It was the Collinses' allegations that when the lights were turned on, they were pointed toward their property, and that I believe it was Rob Thompson or Nip Jenkins who indicated to me that it would light it up like Camden Yards.

Q And what did your client have to say about that?

A She said she had her spotlights on just for personal protection and security to light up her property. So, she's a woman, a single woman living alone. Well, she wasn't alone. She was living with her father. But nevertheless, her father was an elderly gentleman and certainly wouldn't be able to provide her with a whole lot of protection given his

advanced age.

Q Well, did you regard the lighting, for example, to be -- you used the phrase conduct that got her sued. You --

A Sure.

Q It was?

A If believed, if she had these spotlights and if she turned them on at nighttime and pointed them toward the Collinses' property, sure. That's conduct that got her sued.

Whether or not the suit should have prevailed, whether or not they should have sued her is another story.

I was able to defeat those claims.

Q Did you ever check with her about the wattage of the lights or the distance from the Collins' house that the lights were?

A I defeated these claims. What in the world does this have to do with this case? I won.

Now, are you going to talk to me about how I won, why I won?

1	Q	I'm	going	to	talk	about	that	in	a	minute.
---	---	-----	-------	----	------	-------	------	----	---	---------

- A Well, maybe I'm not going to answer it.
- Q You made a comment a few minutes ago that one of the purposes for Mr. Quinn to be at the trial was to keep Ms. Senez on the reservation I think was your phrase.
  - A I believe it was.
  - Q What do you mean by that?

A It's called client management. It's not just Ms. Senez. It's all clients. I had a client put in jail last week because of the way that she was gesticulating and rolling her eyes and making faces toward the judge when her husband was testifying.

Linda is a very demonstrative person. And I did not want her rolling her eyes. As part of the trial preparation, I'm sure I told her these things. I didn't want her gesturing. I didn't want her huffing and puffing. I didn't want her doing anything other than -- I'm sure I gave her a legal pad and she had a pen. She could write me notes if she cared to.

But I wanted to make sure if she started

to engage in that kind of conduct, because I can't see it most of the time because my back is to the client or the side because I'm looking forward either examining somebody or cross examining someone or addressing the court.

And so, my focus is forward. And I have had Jim Quinn tell me all the time did you see her or him, not meaning Linda, but other clients, they're all over the lot. They're gesturing. The judge is looking at them.

That's why I have him. So, if, if she would have engaged in that conduct that he could bring it to an end.

Q So, Jim Quinn was -- part of his duty was meant to basically watch and observe Linda during the trial to make sure she wasn't doing anything that would offend the judge basically?

- A In essence, courtroom etiquette.
- Q Uh huh.

A She's a non-lawyer. I don't expect her to know the rules.

1	A. F
	6.2
	8

O	And	did	Jim	Quinn	

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Why don't you let him finish his response before you begin the next question.

## Are you finished?

Q You done?

A I said she was a non-lawyer. She doesn't know the rules. I don't know what she does know. I know how I want my clients to conduct themselves.

And I tell my clients how I want them to conduct themselves. That doesn't necessarily mean that they follow my advice.

Q Did Jim Quinn indicate to you during the trial that Ms. Senez was, to use your phrase, off the reservation?

A I think there were times when Jim told me that he thought that Linda was acting inappropriate. And I think he said something to her. I don't know whether it was day one. I don't know whether it was day two. I don't know when it was said. I think he said something to her. I can't be positive.

Q What was it she was doing that was inappropriate?

A I don't recall. If it was inappropriate, it was something having to do with gesturing or rolling your eyes or something along those lines.

It wasn't verbal. She didn't say something to the judge or shout out when somebody was on the witness stand you're a liar. She didn't do anything like that.

Q You have consistently taken the position that Ms. Senez discharged you as her lawyer; isn't that correct?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection.

You may answer.

A Ms. Senez wanted me to prosecute -- I think she wanted me to prosecute. I know she wanted me to prosecute -- file a motion to amend or alter, which I did.

Linda owed me a fairly significant amount of money certainly at the end of the trial. I told Linda that I was not going to continue on unless my

bill was paid in full.

Linda was critical of how I conducted the trial. She was very upset with the outcome of the trial because the trial judge, as the Court of Special Appeals said, messed it up.

And she, therefore, didn't get the verdict that she hoped to get.

And I was not about to continue on with a client who was dissatisfied, critical and owed me money.

Because a motion to amend or alter has got to be filed in such a short period of time, I agreed to prepare and file it as well as a memorandum in support of a motion to amend or alter, I may add a great expense to her that she's never paid me for and great time consuming to me and to Jim Quinn.

That's the same memorandum in support of motion to amend or alter that was listed in part by her appellate counsel and used in the appellate brief word for word over several pages at least, the mirror image.

1	Compare the memo to the brief and you'll
2	see what I mean.
3	(Carney Deposition Exhibit 36 was marked
4	for purposes of identification.)
5	Q Showing you Number 36 and ask if you can
6	identify that?
7	A I can. It's a letter from me dated
8	April 28th to Ms. Senez.
9	Q The first paragraph toward the end of the
10	paragraph, you indicate, quote, you originally engaged
11	my services until you saw fit to discharge me as your
12	lawyer.
13	Now
14	A I'm sorry. Where are you reading from?
15	Q The end of the first paragraph.
16	A End of the first paragraph. I'm sorry.
17	All legal services performed on your behalf?
18	Q No. The paragraph starting as you know.
19	A Yes. I see that paragraph.
20	Q That's the first paragraph?
21	A Yes.

letter.

trial.

Q

A

No.

Excuse me.

18

19

20

21

No.

No.

So, April of 2008 you say that happened?

It was right after the trial.

It was right after the

Q So, you're saying --

A I mean, it was within -- it might have been the day of trial. I agreed to file the motion to amend or alter. Because of the rules, as you know, I only have ten days. It would have been very unfair to Linda to say to her I'm no longer going to work for you and you've got to go find another lawyer and you're got to get a complicated motion and memorandum filed within ten days.

It really wouldn't have happened. So, I did it. And then I filed my motion to withdraw after I arqued the motion to amend or alter.

Q So, I take it some time -- you're saying some time in 2007, she fired you.

Is that your position?

A It was right after the trial or right after the motion to amend or alter. Or -- I cant tell you exactly when it was. But it was right -- it was close to the end of the trial because I know I agreed and I told her I would prepare the motion, the memo and I would argue it and then I'm out.

	198
1	Q And that would have been when?
2	A It would have been within days of the
3	conclusion of the trial.
4	Q And you told her that orally or in
5	writing?
6	A Probably both. I know I sent her
7	ultimately sent her a five-day letter.
8	Q Okay.
9	A And I filed a motion to withdraw my
10	appearance.
11	(Carney Deposition Exhibit 38 was marked
12	for purposes of identification.)
13	Q That would be Number 38, your letter of
14	February the 26th of '07.
L5	Is that what you're referring to, the
L6	third paragraph down in the first sentence?
L7	A Third paragraph that's what I said,
18	yes.
19	Q So, just to make sure I'm clear on this.
20	On February 26th, 2007 you sent her a
21	letter saying you wouldn't represent her on the appeal
1	

_	for what you carred a myrrad or reasons, correct:
2	A That's what I said.
3	Q Is there anything else, to your
4	recollection, that you sent to her in writing telling
5	her that or addressing the issue of whether she's
6	firing you or you're firing her?
7	A I don't recall. It's either in the file
8	or it's not. I have no idea.
9	Q Is there any proof that you have other
10	than what your own testimony that she discharged you
11	rather than you discharging her?
12	A As I sit here today, I can't recall any,
13	no.
14	Q I want to talk a little bit about the fact
15	that the why the block wall fell down.
L6	You recall Mr. Collins testifying that he
L7	plugged the weep holes in that wall and subsequently
L8	it fell down; correct?
L9	A I do recall that.
20	Q Pardon?
21	A I do recall that.

0	Von	40	reca	רו	that.
U	104	ao	Leca	44.4	Liid L.

Is it your position that Ms. Senez cannot recover for your failing to introduce evidence in the underlying case that Mr. Collins plugged those weep holes and for your failure to introduce evidence of what it would cost to rebuild the wall?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Lacks foundation. Calls for a legal conclusion.

You may answer.

A The cost of repairing it or rebuilding the wall and my failure to introduce evidence as to what those costs would have been?

Q And the fact that Mr. Collins plugged the weep holes.

A Well, the fact that Mr. Collins plugged the weep holes was elicited at trial.

Q Right.

A So, we all knew that. And that probably caused the wall to fall down. There was no expert testimony to say that that caused the wall to fall down.

1	Q Okay.
2	A But, frankly, nobody cared. And why
3	didn't we care? Because the wall was on Mr. Collins'
4	property.
5	Q What
6	A He could do whatever he pleases to his own
7	wall.
8	Q Can you answer my question, though?
9	A What was the question?
10	Q Was it your position that she can't
11	recover or is it your position that she can't recover
12	for your addressing that issue at trial Collinses
13	plugging the weep holes, not introducing evidence as
14	to the cost of rebuilding the wall.
15	Is it your position that she can't recover
16	for that?
17	MS. LIPPINCOTT: I'm sorry. Are you
18	talking about in regards to this litigation or
19	MR. DOWELL: Yes. In regard to this case.
20	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Same objection.
21	THE WITNESS: I'll answer your compound

1 question.

First of all, no, she cannot recover for my failure to introduce testimony regarding the cost of repairing the wall. That's absurd on its face.

Two, I did through the examination of Mr. Collins elicit at trial that he was the one who plugged the weep holes. He was the one -- that was probably the cause of the wall falling down, although we're not experts as to why walls fall down.

But the fact of the matter is the wall was on his property, and if he wanted to stand on the wall and knock it down, he had every right to do so. It's his wall.

- Q Was that always your position throughout the course of this -- the course of the underlying litigation?
  - A What, that it was his wall?
- Q That it was his wall and she could never recover for the wall falling down and rebuilding it and all that sort of thing.
  - A First of all, we never even had that

discussion because that's absurd on its face. There was no reason to have that discussion.

The wall, she knew, I knew and the survey revealed was clearly -- the area that was in dispute was clearly on his side of the property line.

Therefore, the falling down of the wall was on his nickel. If he wanted to rebuild it, he'd have to rebuild it and pay for it.

Why would she rebuild her neighbor's wall.

Why would she incur any expense to rebuilt her

neighbor's wall.

Therefore, why would I ever introduce testimony from a contractor as to what it would cost to do something that she was not obligated ever to do.

Q So, you don't recall ever taking a position that she should be entitled to the cost of rebuilding the wall and the fact that Mr. Collins caused it to fall down, that sort of thing?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Asked and answered.

Q Is that correct?

1	A I never took a position at trial that
2	Linda should be reimbursed or Linda should be if
3	Linda paid to have the wall rebuilt that she should be
4	reimbursed for that. No, I never took that position.
5	Q Did you ever take that position prior to
6	the trial?
7	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Asked and
8	answered.
9	A Never.
10	(Carney Deposition Exhibit 40 was marked
11	for purposes of identification.)
12	Q Showing you Number 40 and direct your
13	attention to paragraph two of that.
14	A Paragraph two. Yes, I see the paragraph.
15	Q Well, actually paragraph one and two.
16	A Let me read one, please.
17	Q Uh huh.
18	MS. LIPPINCOTT: I'm sorry. Counsel, this
19	is the same document that was previously marked as
20	Deposition Exhibit Number 7.
21	MR. DOWELL: It could be.

1.	Q A letter of August 30th, 2006, Mr. Carney
2	to Mr. Thompson.
3	A And to Mr. Lanzi.
4	Q Right. Okay.
5	So, my question is the first paragraph
6	implies that one or the other or perhaps both
7	Collinses plugged the weep holes in the wall; isn't
8	that correct?
9	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. The letter
10	speaks for itself.
11	You may answer.
12	A It says we all know who was responsible
13	for the destruction of the wall.
14	Q What did you mean by that?
15	A That we all knew that it was the Collinses
16	who plugged those weep holes.
17	Q And the second paragraph asks whether
18	Mr. Thompson and Mr. Lanzi would talk I guess talk
19	to the Collinses to see if they would repair or
20	replace the wall; doesn't it?
21	A I was asking Thompson and Lanzi whether or

L	not Mr. and Mrs excuse me whether or not
2	yes, whether or not Mr. and Mrs. Collins planned to
3	repair or replace the wall.

- Q And if your client had the wall reconstructed, it also asked whether the Collinses would contribute half the costs; correct?
- A Absolutely. Settlement negotiations.

  These are all part of settlement negotiations.
  - Q Okay.
  - A You may know that they're inadmissible.
- Q So, your statement earlier that you never took the position that the Collinses would be responsible for any of that, is that still the position you take, that you never implied that or said that?
  - A I don't understand your question.
  - Q Okay. Let me try it again.
- 18 A You said I implied earlier.
  - Q Did you ever -- you said a little while ago that you never took the position prior to the trial that the Collinses were in any way responsible

for the repair of the wall since it was their own wall.

Did you not say that?

A I did not say that. I said the complete obverse of that. I said that the Collinses -- that the wall was the Collinses, one.

Two, if the wall fell down, it was because of their own conduct.

Q Right.

A And, three, the cost of repair or replacement of that wall was on the Collinses' dime, not on Linda's dime, because it was the Collinses' wall.

I never said what you just said.

O Okay. So ---

A Why would Linda pay for somebody else's wall to be replaced unless it was part of a settlement negotiation and a compromise.

Q You indicated here that she at least apparently was contemplating reconstructing the wall.

A I do not indicate that at all.

question, please.

Q

19

20

21

1	Q You say if Ms. Senez has the wall
2	reconstructed
3	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Let him answer the
4	question first before you move on to the next one.
5	A I simply asked the question if Ms. Senez
6	has the wall reconstructed, will your clients
7	contribute 50 percent of the cost. This was all part
8	of our settlement discussions.
9	Q All right. Do you agree that the position
10	you now take that Ms. Senez is not entitled to recover
11	for lack of introducing evidence as to the cost of
12	rebuilding the wall is different than the position you
13	took in this letter of August 30, 2006?
14	MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Lacks
15	foundation. Objection to form. And misstates his
16	previous testimony as well as asked and answered.
17	You may answer again.
18	A You're going to have to read me back the

The position you now take that Ms. Senez

the wall is different than the position you took in this letter of August 30, 2006 when you asked Mr. Thompson and Mr. Lanzi whether the Collinses would contribute to pay for the rebuilding of the wall.

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Same objection.

Q Is that correct?

A I don't know what letter you're reading, but I'm telling you I never took the position that Ms. Senez was responsible for repairing or replacing the wall in whole or in part.

This letter, if you weren't listening earlier, was part of a settlement negotiation.

Although Linda had no legal obligation to contribute to the cost of repairs or replacement, this was thrown out as a discussion point that was part and parcel of our settlement discussions.

Linda, as a matter of law, could never have been compelled to pay for the repair of a wall that she didn't own.

Therefore, I never called any construction people, put on any estimates as to what it would cost

to repair the wall. It wasn't her wall. Why would I ever do such a nonsensical thing.

It's never been my position. It was never her position. She never said to me, Brad, I've got to go out and hire a contractor and have that wall rebuilt. I want you to sue them in order to recapture my cost.

We never had that discussion, because I would have said to her what I'm saying to you right now, Linda, what are you talking about? It's not your wall. You don't have to pay for it.

(Carney Deposition Exhibit 41 was marked for purposes of identification.)

Q Can you tell me what document Number 41 is?

A It looks like it must be an e-mail from me to Linda and Rusty Bergen in July of 2006.

Q You say in that e-mail up here towards the top, I'm pointing it out to you, I anticipate that the witnesses at trial to be you, the surveyor to whose work product both sides will stipulate, Mr. and

Mrs. Collins and a reader playing the part of 1 Mr. Myers; correct? 2 Α That's what it says. 3 Why would you tell her that you wanted to 4 call the surveyor? What was your purpose in telling 5 her that? 6 I think at the time we had not agreed, A 7 that is to say, Nip Jenkins and Rob Thompson and I had 8 not agreed to stipulate to the authenticity and 9 accuracy of the survey prepared by Brian Deitz and 10 that it was possible that we're going to have 11 12 competing surveys to deal with. This was months before the trial took 13 And I believe that we had not reached that 14 place. agreement, that stipulation. 15 Well, doesn't it say the surveyor to whose 16 work product both sides will stipulate? 17 It does say that. And it would appear --18 A Why would you say that? 19 Q Obviously we must have agreed 20 A I misspoke.

that we would stipulate. We had to be -- I had to be

21

referring to Brian Deitz's survey.

And I said I might put him on. I mean, you have to understand six months before trial, I'm just musing about who I might put up, who I might not put up.

Q Well, what did -- in July of '06, what did you think the surveyor would testify to aside from both sides stipulating to his work product?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection.

A The methodology that he employed, any questions that the court would have, because the survey frame is the central issue of the case obviously. It's the sole issue of an adverse possession case.

In case the court wanted to ask any questions. It depends on the sophistication of the trial judge. It depends on a lot of things as to whether I put them up or not.

Q What about the definition of boundary survey and location survey, would you have put him on for that?

1 Α No. Why should I have to do that? I'm just asking you would you? 2 Q No, I don't believe so. 3 A You also said you would have a reader 4 0 5 playing the part of Mr. Myers. What was the purpose of your thinking that 6 a reader would play Mr. Myers? 7 There's two ways to get a de bene esse Α 8 That is, you get a role player on the 9 deposition in. witness stand who's going to read and I'll ask the 10 questions and the person will answer as though he were 11 Mr. Myers, or, which is boring as hell for a judge, 12 and in this case, the judge said I don't want you to 13 I'll -- just give me the deposition, and I 14 do that. believe she then took a recess and went back and read 15 Mr. Myers' deposition herself without the need to have 16 anybody playing the role of Mr. Myers. 17 18 Mr. Quinn was going to fulfill that. So, the judge instructed you you were not 19 0 20 to put on a reader, is that what you're saying?

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Α

I am quite certain that the judge said

1	just give me the transcript and I'll read it.
2	Q Did the Royston firm have any organized
3	office conferences in 2006 where partners and of
4	counsel lawyers would discuss cases and issues in
5	cases and things like that?
6	A You mean would there be meetings that were
7	attended by partners and of counsel to discuss cases
8	generally?
9	Q Yes. Issues that came up in cases they
LO	wanted some feedback on from other lawyers?
L1	A No. You might have talked to a lawyer
L2	if you want some advice on a particular issue, you may
L3	go to a lawyer who you believe has got particular
L 4	expertise in the area that's in question.
L5	There are no ground there are no grand
L6	rounds in the law.
L7	(Carney Deposition Exhibit 42 was marked
L8	for purposes of identification.)
L9	Q Showing you Number 42. This comes from
20	the hearing of May 13th, 2009, at line 19 through 23.

I'm going to ask you a question about

1 that.

MS. LIPPINCOTT: I'm sorry. Just for the record, this is page 18 of that transcript?

MR. DOWELL: Yes. Uh huh.

THE WITNESS: Yeah, I read it.

Q What did you mean when you said that Mr. Whitworth's law practice was a legal malpractice puppy mill?

- A That's puppy farm.
- Q Well, it's also puppy mill.

A Based on Whitworth's resume, his CV, if my memory serves me correctly, because I don't have the CV in front of me, I think he said he had handled approximately 800 legal malpractice cases.

I believe that Whitworth graduated from law school in '79. That's a couple years after me, which would mean if you do the math that he was doing a couple of legal malpractice cases per month from the day his feet hit the ground as a practicing lawyer forward in order to get 800 in.

I know an awful lot of lawyers in this

1 is out of context. Can you identify who's speaking 2 during this section of the transcript? This is Mr. Carney. 3 MR. DOWELL: THE WITNESS: Yes. This is the 4 5 transcript. That's what I said. 6 Can you tell me why you would have Q Yeah. 7 represented to the court that the underlying case 8 became Ms. Senez's life work, she's unmarried, she 9 doesn't have any kids, she has the ability to focus on 10 the case. Can you tell me what purpose that served, 11 12 that comment served to the court? 13 MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Do you have any more on this transcript for him to refer to? 14 15 MR. DOWELL: No. 16 MS. LIPPINCOTT: It's quite out of 17 context. 18 Well, the comment was quite 19 out of context actually. 20 MS. LIPPINCOTT: Without being able to see 21 the rest of the transcript --

L		MR.	DOWELL:	I	don't	have	the	transcript
2	with me.							

MS. LIPPINCOTT: This is the only page you have from that section?

MR. DOWELL: No. I have a lot of pages, but this is the one I'm asking about.

THE WITNESS: This was at the hearing on your motion to set aside the order of default which I had secured from the court due to your legal error.

And you filed a motion to set it aside in a memorandum of support.

Q Uh huh.

A This was part of my argument as to why that shouldn't have taken place.

Judge Bollinger agreed with me, as you know, and you took it to the Court of Special Appeals, and Judge Bollinger was reversed.

This was part of my oral argument to set the stage for the court as to what had been going on in this matter and that Ms. Senez was, as I pointed out to the court, obsessed with this case. She made it her -- she appeared to make it the focus of her daily activities. She was -- as I've said in this address to the court, she was just consumed by the matter.

And then, of course, she doesn't want to -- she didn't want to pay my bill.

- Q What was the purpose of telling the court she was unmarried and didn't have any children?
  - A Speaks for itself.
  - Q No, it doesn't really. I'm asking --
- A That she's got the resources to be able to fight this case because she is unmarried and has no children. Therefore, she doesn't have a drain on her resources that that would involve.

And that she is obsessed with this case. She's got the money to fund it. That's why I said what I said.

- Q And you don't back away from that either?
- A Not one word.
- Q Okay.

21 A Unless she's got children and she's

L	married	and	I	didn't	know	about	it.
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(Carney Deposition Exhibit 44 was marked for purposes of identification.)

Q Number 44 is a several-page excerpt from that same transcript, pages 17, 27 and 29, where you indicate, for example, on page 17 --

MS. LIPPINCOTT: I'm sorry, counsel. Just a standing objection as to questions about this transcript. This is a transcript from this matter, not from the underlying litigation?

MR. DOWELL: That's correct.

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Okay. I'm just -- as far as what the relevancy is, this would have on her malpractice claim with a fee dispute in the underlying matter.

MR. DOWELL: I'm asking him about things that he said which may bear on credibility or other matters in this case.

I think it's discovery and it's liberal discovery. It's wide-ranging. May lead to discoverable information. And I think that I'm going

M.

to ask him the questions.

Q The point of all these three pages is that you repeatedly said that we did it, we won, she wins, she wins hands down. I told her she was a winner. I told her she was a winner umpteen different times. I stand by it then and I stand by it now. We won.

Et cetera, et cetera.

So, my question is at this time based on the present situation with respect to the adverse possession claim and her property, do you still believe that you won?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. First of all, this transcript speaks for itself.

To the extent that you can answer this, go ahead.

A I don't recall the exact number of counts.

I think there were six or seven. Linda received either a defendant's verdict on those counts or there was a plaintiff's verdict entered against Linda on the remaining counts but no damages were awarded.

I consider and every one of my colleagues

in this profession would consider that to be a win on a particular count.

Q Well --

A The only count that went against her was the adverse possession count, and it went -- and what I was saying in front of Judge Bollinger was that it went against her at trial because the trial judge made an error as a matter of law and the Court of Special Appeals affirmed my belief that she made an error as a matter of law, that she should not have lost that claim based on Souder's, Judge Souder's logic and reasoning and understanding of the law.

That's what I meant.

Q Well, my question was in the present posture of her situation, do you still believe that she won?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection. Asked and answered.

A She lost the adverse possession claim because Judge Souder made a factual finding that Ms. Collins' testimony apparently was more believable

1 than Ms. Senez's. 2 The court made a factual finding --Uh huh.

Q

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-- which is bulletproof on appeal, as I'm A sure you know.

And there's nothing -- just to revisit this for one last time.

There was nothing you feel that you could have done or no evidence that you feel you could have introduced at the trial which have altered or challenged Mrs. Collins' testimony as to that alleged question that Ms. Senez supposedly asked, whether her fence could follow the wall instead of the property line.

There's nothing you could have done, introduced or commented on at trial which would have altered that.

Is that a fair characterization?

MS. LIPPINCOTT: Objection as to form. Misstates his previous testimony. And this has been asked and answered a number of times.

Q

1	You may answer again.
2	A I adopt my prior answers in their
3	entirety. And the answer to your question is, you
4	know what, there's a winner and loser in every case.
5	The judge believes somebody or they don't
6	believe somebody.
7	Q Okay.
8	A If you don't believe somebody and it hurts
9	the other person, well, so be it. Happens in civil
ro	cases and criminal cases all the time.
L1	Linda Senez walked into that courtroom
12	with a lot of baggage to deal with and we dealt with
13	it and we won.
L <b>4</b>	She was the one who decided to do the
L5	things that she did and all of which were in front of
۱6	the court. The court could then decide who is the
L7	more believable person. The court made its decision.
L8	Q What baggage did she walk in with?
L9	A I already talked to you about that
20	earlier.

About all the signs and all that kind of

stuff?

A Mick Jagger's tongue. I don't -- we don't call 911. The spotlights that they used. The tapes.

Just the constant -- the sign in the back yard, nosy neighbor zone.

She was in a war with her neighbors. We all know that. And the court knew it. It wasn't the Collinses who put up the signs. It wasn't the Collinses who shined lights allegedly on the neighbor's property.

She had to deal with these allegations.

We did. We were able to prove that they didn't rise
to the level of compensatory torts.

The court may have found that she committed a tort, but found that the Collinses weren't damaged, and, therefore, awarded no damages to them.

But she had that baggage to deal with.

Q So --

A From a credibility perspective, the court is going to decide whether a person is believable or not believable based on the totality of the

	226				
1	circumstances.				
2	And you know that, Mr. Dowell. And				
3	sometimes it's going to go with you and sometimes it's				
4	going to cut against you.				
5	That's why there's a winner and loser in				
6	every case. That's why we have appellate courts.				
7	Q Thank you for that explanation.				
8	A You're welcome.				
9	(Carney Deposition Exhibit 45 was marked				
10	for purposes of identification.)				
11	Q I want to show you one last document,				
12	which is Number 45. And I'm referring to looks				
13	like				
14	A This is already in evidence.				
15	Q No, it's not.				
16	About nine lines eight or nine lines				
17	down. The sentence begins I cannot speak to the issue				
18	of what the Collinses know.				
19	Do you see that?				
20	A What paragraph is this now?				
21	O Well, there's no real paragraphs.				

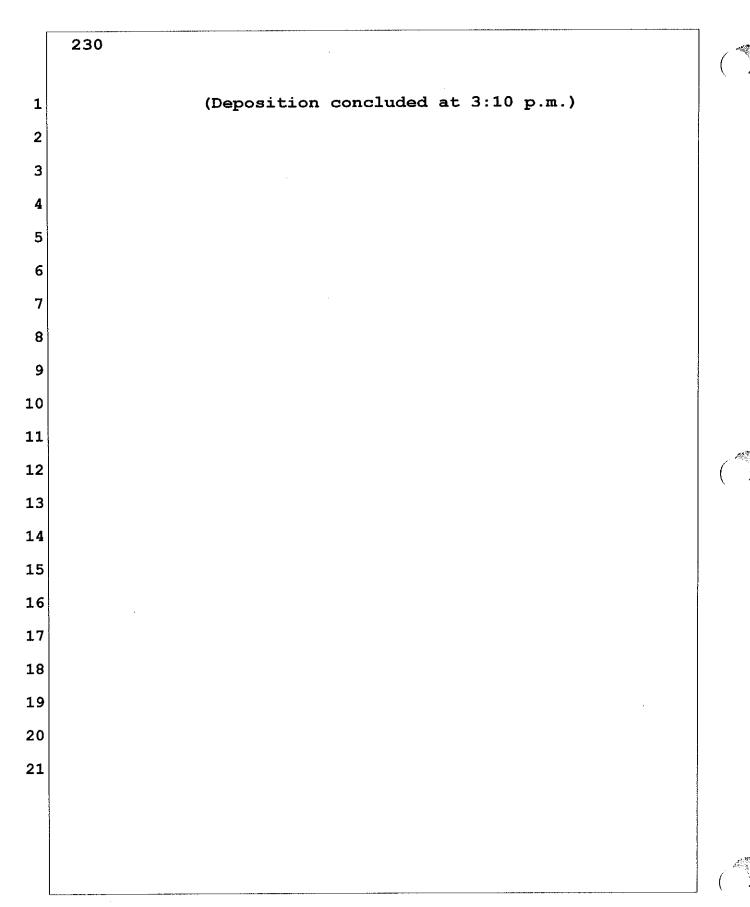
1.	A Where is this?
2	Q About a third of the way down to the
3	left-hand side.
4	A I cannot speak to the issue of what the
5	Collinses know. Yes, I see that.
6	Q However, they certainly know about their
7	adverse possession count. It's in their complaint.
8	Do you see that?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And this was an e-mail from you to
11	Ms. Senez of July 19, '06; correct?
12	A To Linda and Rusty Bergen, yes, correct.
1.3	Q What did the Collinses actually have an
14	adverse possession count in their complaint as of that
15	time?
L6	A They had an adverse possession count.
L7	Q Do you know whether it was
L8	A They amended the complaint to add it.
L 9	Q Do you remember whether it was in
20	existence as of July 19th of '06?
21	A I have no idea.

Q

1	Q Wasn't it in December they put that in
2	there? Do you recall that?
3	A I don't recall that.
4	Q You don't?
5	A As a matter of fact, I do recall when they
6	put it in, because I filed a motion to strike it
7	because it was within days of the trial itself.
8	Q That's what I'm saying.
9	A It wasn't until the end of the not
LO	until the end of the case. It was just before trial
L1	they filed an amended complaint. It was within I want
12	to say ten days of trial. They didn't seek leave of
13	court. They didn't get an agreement from me.
14	I filed a motion to strike it. That was a
15	preliminary matter that Judge Souder heard before the
16	trial commenced. And my motion to strike it was
17	denied.
18	Q And that's in that was in December of
19	'06; correct?
20	A That's correct.

So, why would you have put in an e-mail of

1 July of '06 they certainly know about their adverse possession count. It's in their complaint. 2 3 Why would you have put that in? Because I know Rob Thompson, he had either 4 A 5 sent me a draft that he was going to file or he told 6 me that they were going to file it. 7 He always told me that they were going to 8 file an adverse possession claim. 9 What adverse possession claim was filed by the Collinses --10 11 A Until December. 12 Q -- in July; correct? 13 A I understand that. But there was significant talk by them that they were going to file 14 15 it. MR. DOWELL: 16 All right. Let's take a 17 five-minute break. 18 (Pause in the proceedings.) 19 MR. DOWELL: I don't have any questions. 20 MS. LIPPINCOTT: I don't have any 21 questions. Thank you. He'll read.



## CERTIFICATE OF DEPONENT

I hereby certify that I have read and examined the foregoing transcript, and the same is a true and accurate record of the testimony given by me.

Any additions or corrections that I feel are necessary, I will attach on a separate sheet of paper to the original transcript.

Bradford Carney

State	of	Mary.	land
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City of Baltimore, to wit:

I, PAULA J. ELIOPOULOS, a Notary Public of the State of Maryland, City of Baltimore, do hereby certify that the within-named witness personally appeared before me at the time and place herein set out, and after having been duly sworn by me, according to law, was examined by counsel.

I further certify that the examination was recorded stenographically by me and this transcript is a true record of the proceedings.

I further certify that I am not of counsel to any of the parties, nor in any way interested in the outcome of this action.

As witness my hand and notarial seal this 2nd day of September, 2011.

PAULA J. ELIOPOULOS

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

21 June 15, 2012